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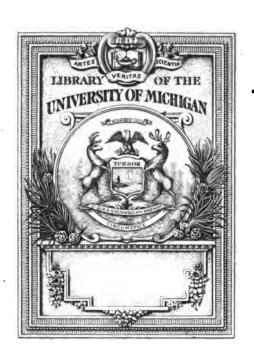
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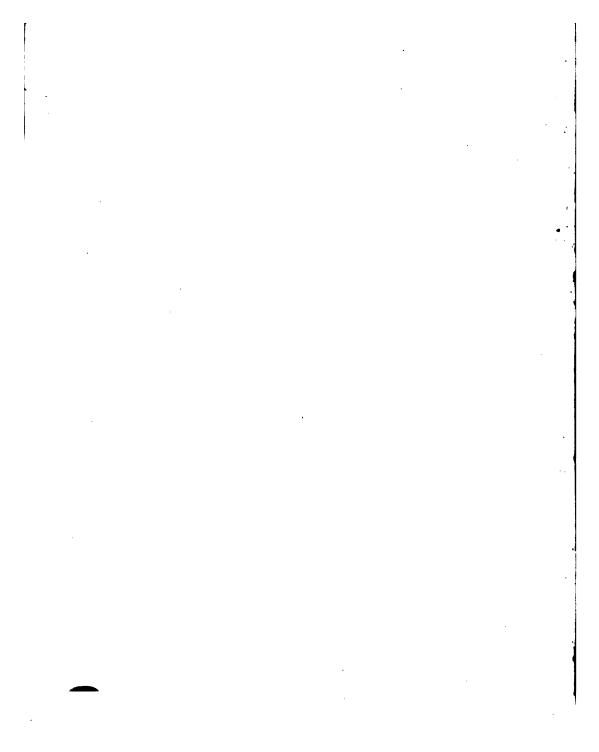
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Raillerie a la Mode CONSIDER'D:

OR THE

SUPERCILIOUS DETRACTOR.

A

Joco-serious Discourse; shewing the open Impertinence and Degenerosity of Publishing Private Pecques and Controversies to the World.

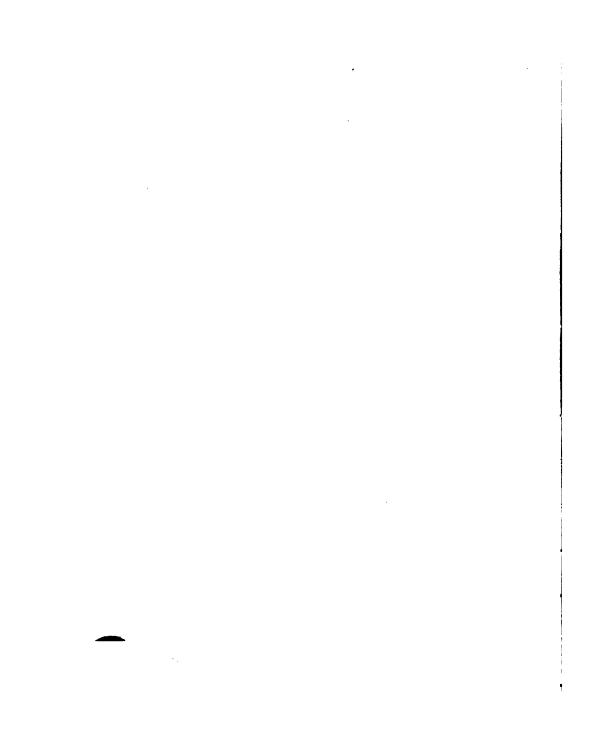
Occasionally Written

To a Young Gentleman, to shew the Odium of this Ingentile Humour, and to direct him in the best choice of ... Pen and Books.

Multi cum alijs maledicunt, sibi ipsis convitium faciunt, Seneca.

LONDON,

Printed by T. R. and N. T. for Henry Million at the Bible in Fleetfireet, MDCLXXIII.



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THE

PUBLISHER

TOTHE

READER.

Gererous Reader,

bave thee to be,
to Answer the
true Design of these sew
Sheets: First occasionally
writ by way of Advice to a
Young

To the Reader.

Young Gentleman abroad, and I humbly conceive not unseasonable to any that make pretence to that Name

or Quality.

It teaches true Curtific, Charity, Civility, and the Duty of Good Language which we owe unto all Men, which are indeed the Supreme Points of Generosity, Policy, Christianity, as well as of Moral Virtues, among such as approve and practice them.

Tou have bere the Character

To the Reader.

ratter of a Detractor, accurately drawn forth and De.

tested through all his Protean
Shapes and Disguises, with
the true Imbelishments that
should adorn a Bred and
Worthy Man, whereby
your self are left to judge
which of these are most amiable, when you behold hoth
their Pistures here set before you.

These Lines were purposely set to pull up this Croking Mandrake (Detraction) from amongst us, and to roos To the Reader.
ent thu old overgrown Vice,
which is so much the Bane of
true Love, Friendship, and
happy Society, the corruption of Manners and good
Nature; odious in the Mean,
and ignoble in the Eminent,
and not to be countenanced
in any Common Wealth.

So that this Discourse concurring with the present general Vogue of every Sober and Judicius Gentleman: I am not to doubt of its favourable reception among them, and of others also by their Example.



SIR,

Am e'ne grown weary of longer Observing your now irksome Commands, to look after New Books o send you; and therefore pray excuse me, lest at length I seem both to abuse your Patience, and that weak Judgment you have chose to rely on: Finding now the frantick Age so intollerably pester'd with whimsical Pasquils, Ralleries, and Roca's, that in truth we have nothing else that's Novil; nor indeed

2 Baillerie a la Mode. deed is this strictly so, for it is no more than the Old mad Humor of the Cobler of Gloce ster new Vampt.

And lest you may not perhaps have seen enough by the Books themselves I have (at your desire) sent you, I shall take a little pains to give you my Sense of the present fort of Writing, to shew you (as seafonable to your Young and Inconversant Years) the Ridiculousness, Incivility, and Inhumanity of it, in a few short and sober Reflexions on this Publick Piece of Folly, which does but indeed render us the mere Ludibrium and Maygame

game of Strangers, it is a fashion fo illy introduced among us.

It is a Vitious fort of Buffoonry, that this mistaken Age is ready to cry up, for a high acquir'd Ornament and Piece of Refin'd Education, while a fober Judgment, or modest Innocence, is as much mistook, and exploded for meer Dulness and Ignorance. He that can abuse another bandsomely, is presently applauded for a sbrewd Wit, a notable Man, which indeed imports no better than an abusive K---- as a good harmless honest Man is but the better word for a Fool.

B 2

4 Railleric a la Pode.

It is indeed, Sir, much my satisfaction, that your Retir'd inclination hath to happily fetled you, (for your seasoning time) so commodiously remote from the Corrupt Converse of a great part of this Infectious Town: And I assure you, that I think it altogether my Duty to be as careful that no Contagious Subjects come intrudingly to your hands; and would also advise you to be as cautious of receiving any, as many were of London-Letters the last Great Pestilence here amongst us.

Pray take this Advice as from a Friend that most unfeignRaillerie a la Mode. 5
feignedly Loves and Tenders
you; and be sure ever to
Choose your Bookes as you
would your Acquaintance, (i.
e.) let them be few, choise, and
reputable.

You cannot well complain you want good Company, when you are not without good Authors to converse with; and that too at the best Advantage, (as I take it) their Writings being for the most part much the best of them, compar'd with their common converse and personal society.

When you are foberly contemplative, your Companion is

B 3 ftill

Humor; when your thoughts incline you another way, then have you others to divert you; and when you are weary of all, at last you may take down Apollo's Lute, and refresh your fancy with the most pleasing, and not unprofitable, strains of Poetry, English or others.

But truly to Buy or Read the e Cudgel-playing Books, is but to make Billings-gate your Diversion; or to know the best way how to give bad Language: 'tis no better than downright Railing, Frenchisi'd into Raillerie a la mode.

Beside

Kaillerie a la Mode. Beside the smart Itch of Writing and Replying in this New Canting Drolling Way, made up of a few fugitive Expressions, I am sure he that gives himself up to this, must at once licentiously let go the Rains of his Sobriety, Reason, and Religion, to play at Have at All; or to Write in a Refined fort of Frenzy: For let his Rodamantadoes and Bombast be but unreachably Remote, or Far-fought, (as we commonly fay) and it will want nothing to make it off; provided the Bookseller be but Wife.

> To be Witty at this Rate, B4

is certainly very Poor, Pitiful, as well as Spightful, for any one to signalize himself by because every one that will (sans regard) assume this abominable abusive Liberty, may as easily attain the accomplishment (if any will have it one) for as much as Mens Wits are naturally readier at this than any other Theme: Yet though the Ape be never so curiously trick'd up, he is still but the same: so let such Works be set out in never so quaint Language, yet what are they better then unsavory Breath's perfum'd? a more precious kind of stink in the Nostrils of either the Judicious or Good; and

Raillerie a la Mode. and smell still too much of the Dunghil Declamations of the Schools; studied Oppositions, though by some they may be said smart or witty, yet the order of their Design, or Matters wherewith they meddle, are very little Just or Conformable to the Precepts of good Morality, Humanity, or Christianity, in any degree; and so base and degenerate a Genius, ought utterly to be abandon'd by the fober and civil fort of Mankind, and of all that profels and love Virtue, as dissentaneous to the right Rules of true Generosity; and as much beneath that Grandeur of a Christians high Frofession, which teaches

teaches Men not to revile and flander one another; and fore-warns them from being Busie-bodies in other Mens matters.

Some Men, in the heat of Humor, while the letcherous Itch lasts, care not who they Traduce or Reflect upon, so they can but do it handfomely in huggermugger. Kings and Privy Conncellors cannot scape them. But could you peep through the Key-hole while he is in close Adultery (in his Study) with his Wanton Muse, and let but a Mouse, or the least Noise stir, how he obrupty starts, and rumples up the Naughty Sheets in more haste Bailletie a la Mode. 11
haste and confusion than the
Gallant shifts the Scene of his
private Debaucheries upon a
dangerous surprize! and when
all is whist, is presently at it
again.

When 'tis once delivered, 'tis presently pawn'd upon the Publick, like a Brat upon the Parish, the Incognito Parent standing by to observe how 'tis received; who railes, with the rest, against that, which shame and danger dares not let him own for sear of Penance, or a Whipping-post.

But 'twere with such highly ridiculous, to ask in St. Paul's Lan-

Language, What Profit have ye of those Things whereof ye are now Ashamed?

And in vain may we expect common Civility from those that are not afraid or ashamed (at these dayes) irreverently to scoff at, and impiously to detract those most Princely Presidents of Piety in holy Writ. David and Solomon. The lewd and Venereous Person, (who makes his Body a Burnt-offering to his inflamed Luft) seeks to acquit and justifie himself with this Plea, and to feem wittily wicked, asks you, What did David ail when he complained of his Bones, and his Sore

ran down in the Night? Give him grave and sober Advice, or but go about to stop him in his Career of Folly, and he presently pleads Solomon; and will purchase convincement at no cheaper a rate, than the dangerous high Price of Experience. He builds Sconces, and runs on Tavern-scores, and then Pleades that Paul Pawn'd his Cloak, &c.

At this prophane and paltry rate he seeks to purchase the repute of witty: he out-Huss Hell, out-Hectors Beelzebub, and can dispense with the Name of Atheist, if he be not proud on't, and openly own and glory in it.

This

This is one that with little Fear, and less Wit, will still be at his Ludere cum Sacris; that dare be impudent with Heaven, and sawcy with its most awful Majesty, to the Hearers astonishment, and his own shameful confusion; that, like an over - daring Vanlter, will forfooth be shewing tricks of Activity upon the very Brink and Precipice of Hell; and play at Hide and Seek with the Devil himself, till at last he catches him in his Clutches, as the Cat does her wanton Prey; and fo spoiles his Sport on a suddain.

But let's leave him to the Justice

Raillerie a la Mode. 15 Justice of that Power his Folly thus inconsiderately provoked; and Sir let me Advise you to shun the Society of such, lest you share in their Punishment, and as you would escape the infamous Censure you will thereby fall under, alwayes taking it for sure, That you shall go under the same Account and Character of the Company you confort with, fince the World hath ever look'd upon this Rule as infallible.

And now Sir, passing this, and to come nearer home to my purpose, I shall briefly observe to you, how prosuse and heedless

heedless Men now a dayes are of their own and others Fame or Reputation, (too valuable to be thrown or made away in sport) while they thus publickly traduce, detract and asperse one another, as they do both in word and writing; which latter I shall chiefly take notice of, and look upon as a Libel of the Devils Dictature, such Writers being set on by pure Idleness, the Primum mobile of all Mischief.

What is there in it else but a meer Itch of Spleen, edg'd on by the hope of building up a new Credit upon another Mans Weakness.

A Leap-Frog Fancy of Writing Alternis Vicibus, by fits and girds, as the Humor hits; or holds out to the hap-hazaid of the adventurous Bookseller, but the adornment of Posts and Pissing-places, worthy of no further regard or notice, then the Printed Bills for Prizes at the Bear-Garden, being at best but a Trial of Skill another way, where both sides beat up and flourish as Victors; but let no sharper an edge elther on their Wits or Weapons, than what will well ferve to cut your Purle-strings, the whole aim of thele cheating Challengers; which if over-

overcurious Widgins of the World will not believe, but will be still couzen'd thus with this Hocus Pocus Humor, let them, I say; but (my good Friend) I hope you will take my word, and be wifer.

Nor do I indeed much doubt or question your discretion, I understand you, and you your self better: And the best on't is, such Books, besides making the Authors ridiculous, do seldom prejudice the Readers more than with loss of time; nor so altogether, for sure (if he have any sense) he shall grow wifer by the folly represented

Rafilerie a la Spose. 19 sénted him, as Drunkards sometimes loathe themselves by beholding it soberly in others.

Can we term it less than a shameless incivility in such as would go about to oblige the World (whether it will or no) to take notice of their Private Picques and Controverses, which with a great deal of pudder they publickly expose to common Censure; nor can it be thought less in those that are the busic Pryers into these publick Impertinencies, the very Rending of which is a kind of unhappiness, but a

is a hispoor.

Contract Ap

THE SE COME N. here $W_{\mathcal{O}(X_S)}|_{W}^{2}$ THE MULT DEACT Ligarity four 8 ... A W. C wo our wit. Leurence 3 on are it. idian voia विषया वित्यां Mornay a ner יני יה כי שבעני Tere leine, une ३ में। त्रीक्ष it ile some

iii.

Rasslerie a la Mode. 21 and such are well set forth by the Ingenious (and therefore envy'd) Pen of the sam'd Dryden in this single Couplet of his:

Those that Advantage of each slip do take,
Find but those Faults, which they want Wit to make.

Away then with this ill-natur'd, difingenious, fault-finding Humor, and be favorable to the failings of others, as ever you expect Men may in kindness connive at your failings or impersections; when they happen Humanum est except.

rare, 'tis liable to all in some things, but especially to such as either write much, or variously often; and ought not with an over-rigid Censure to be too severely insisted on; for this doth but breed vain jangling; for as one ill word begets another, so (we see) doth one abusive Book another, till they even puzzle, as well as weary the whole World with reading the bare Titles of them.

One Book beares the Bell away one while, and then prefently comes out Reflections, Observations, Answers, Replications, cations, and Exceptions upon it, till the Press is so bepestred with them, that at last the Sheets grow more numerous than the long Books and Papers of a Chancery Canse, which are as pertinent and worthy of publishment as the first, (for ought I know) and in time may both serve to one and the same use (after the World and the Court have dismiss'd the Controversie and Brangle) in a Grocers or a Chandlers shop.

If any such Book have, intruded into your Study, let them be curned tout for Wranglers, as unsit to keep C4. Com-

24 Raillerie a la Mode. Company with the quiet and

civiler fort.

Or take my advice, and change'em away quickly while the humor holds up, for others more pleasant and profitable, though (you lose well by 'em) before the Gamesters have cross'd the Cudgele,, and the Ring-round world leaves minding them: As some tough and flurdy Trojans, after much belabouring one another, have long since done. --- Laus Der.

Our Laurest himself cannot escape Galumny, (though I must must consess he too much dar'd it) that Reward of Wit (Sacred to Poets) he finds could not defend him from the blast of a Criticks Breath. In spight of Apollo's self they will attaque him; some thinking to be reputed Wits for only impudently daring to meddle with it.

Thus was he (for footh) taken to Task, Post-poned, and there Lash'd on both sides by the two, too unkind Universities; Oxford, first taking him up, while his Mother Cambridge Chastised him severely. In the first place, for forgetting his old Grammer Rules. So rigidly strict were they

they to keep him to the scrupulous Precepts of their (long since exploded) Pedantry, befettering his fugitive fancy in the Poetick Transport, that he should not hereafter Sore beyond the near Ken of their flow and short sighted Genius; and next for abusing his Grandsire Shakespeare, and Father Ben, and being very fawcy with others of his Elders. But he is hush and done, say they, while they seem to hold a littleRod, madeup of a few Stalks of difjunctive sense, they had spightfully spoil'd the beautifull Bed of his best Flowers off, & pick'd out to lash him with. And fain would they have confin'd his Licentions

Raillerica la Mode. 27 Licentions Muse (as they brand her) to her Nunnery: But they since may see how briskly the turns up her Vail, and with a modest scorn acquaints them in the words of her Heroe. 'That he hath neither con-'cernment enough upon him to write any thing in his 'own Desence; neither will 'he gratifie the Ambition of 'two wrethed Scriblers, who ' defire nothing more than to be answered: Finding wanted not Friends, even as mong Strangers, who defended him more flrongly, than his contemptible Pedant could Attaque him. 1 10 11 11 -1.

By this becoming fcorn you fee howhe prevents them from further undertaking against him, when (like a Morose or Frumpish oddFellow,bob'd in the Street with a by-word) had he turned again he would have had half the Town hooting at him. Thus he shews more Wit in his slight and silence, then possibly he ever would by his Pen when it performs best; though I truly believe that he is able to make those piece-meal Features, which his over curious Criticks examine so illy apart, to appear in their right place and position, no less then what himfelf fays, as so many real Beauties

Beauties in the Eye of such as are able to judge and admire the true perfections of a Muse.

Sir, I speak this because I know you have always had a just value for Mr. Dryden's Poems, as well as my self, and I have believed you very discerning this way; and so he cannot easily be brought low in your esteem; you too well perceiving the Design of his Enemies without more words.

But to inform you further, having, Sir, lately the leifure of an Afternoon, I took occasion to go among the Booksellers

sellers to enquire what else there was newly extent: I chopt upon an an Adventurous Author, who had took on him to write Remarques on the Humour and Conversation of the Town: which had not been long abroad, but it was seized upon by the sharp-Claw of a Critick, and by him Stigmatized with the Name of Remarques upon Remarques. was unwilling, and thought it vain to read one without the other, and so thought best to buy neither.

But the Bookseller would still impose further on me, and presents me with another new piece, called the Rehearsal Transpres'd,

Raillerie a la Mode. 31 Transpros'd, &c. a Title I understood not I confess: But seeing it a thing that had twice troubled the Press, and having the Booksellers word that it was worth reading, I took it. But having spent my time and Money upon it, all I could fay was, I found my self very Wittily beguil'd of both: But (believe me) I think I might as well have read Tom of Lincoln or Bewis of Southampton, for ought I edified by it, and would pay thanks to boot to any little Boy to change with me.

Yet truly I must confess, With there was in it, but like a Jewel

Jewel in the Dunghill of Detraction, not worth the Geneand Ingenious Mans raking for. But the Crab-tree Stock of some Mens Humours will bear no better Fruit; vet methinks they should not then carry their lower Sentences to the Press, they seem so little serviceable or seasonable, and cannot be counted Solomons Apples. But some Mens petulantHumours incline them still to transpose the Proverb, which fays, 'Tis better to be at the latter end of a Feast, than the heginning of a Fray.

Now you must understand Transprosal is the little a la Mode Word that at present obtains and

Rafflerie a la Mode. 33 and has of late made such a deal of Gingle Gangle abroad, by the help of Transprosing. The RehearsalTranspros'd(Answer) the Transproser Rehearsed, &c. But how extreamly pleasant is it to observe how wittily the Transproser turns Transposer, and finds himself sport at Tick Tack for half a Dozen Pages together, and all with two poor Letters [J. and O. I warrant the Man has a most extraordinary fancy at Compoling Anagrams and Acrolticks, and is excellent at Wiredrawing Wit, that can so prittily play with two Letters fo long, and they happened to be lucky ones for his turn. **Every**

Every one will have a bob at Bayes, though alas he is not likely he get a wreath of it, for the Wit he lays out upon it. And now the yelp is up, 'stoo him Bayes Cries one; Hollo. Bayes Cries a second, Whoop Bayes a third, enough to worry one out of his Wits. I cannot tell what better to compare it to, than like the clapping and scolding of a ragged-canting Crew of Billingsgate Rhetoricians, those of Rosemary Lane, where if any will once but give the Cue of one Word provocative, he shall presently hear a full Peal of most exquisite Harmony indeed. You shall

Raillerie a la Bode. 35 shall not meet with a Term so mild as Gregory Father Gray Beard; they could have furnished him with a Title ten times more Taking, (ex Tempore) and possibly more intelligible too. But hang't, let it pass, it comes all to one purpose.

Having thus given you some hints of this harefull Humour, I would sain draw to a close with my Discourse, there remains only a few Cantionary Ramarques to direct you in your choise of Men. And what your own Judgment will represent to you, will render the rest odious enough to your generous mind, without any further restections.

l If

If we confider the mischief as well as degenerosity of this Destructive Humour among Men, either in Words or Writing, we would certainly shun it with greatest destation.

As then you have any respect for your own Peace and
Quiet, endeavour still to keep
your self unconcerned from
impertinent listening after, or
prying into private or publick
Reports of this sort; for that
you must either betray, or inevitably bring in question
your Friendship if you conceal it; or if perhaps on the
other side you impart it, you
but

Baillerie a la Spote. 37 but kindle Coals of contention, and beget private grudges and heart-burnings, and make your felf in a mannner bound either to accuse or vindicate, and had therefore much better to be deaf and dumb in such concerns in both Offices.

Be sure therefore to shew no kind of Countenance to such as can find no other means to screw themselves in to your opinion and savour, than by this treacherous way of traducing others to you.

D₃ Nor

Nor would I have you over apt to lissen to, or trust him that fain would be tickling you with adulatory praise of your parts and qualities; especially if the Party be a stranger to you, and one that you never any ways had obliged before; for tis common with fome fort of men to put on a fawning familiarity upon the first Acquaintance they have with any one, to make lavish offers of Friendship and service to you. Sir, (I say) take good heed of fuch a one, least there be (as 'tis odds if there be not) some Sting of Design at the end of their Tail.

Besides.

Besides, what can found more barth or untunable in the Ear of the generous, wife or modest, than to hear an Encomiastick Harangue or Elogy of Praise personally address to his Face. Musick fit for none but Fools to caper at; alas! they must be but silly Trouts, that will be so tickled to death. The saying of Tully ought to be every true Gentleman's; Nolo esse auditor, ne videar Adulator. Now (for ought you know) this great Praise may be but Ironice prodere Famam; the Man that speaks so & so, may possibly mean nothing less, but the quite contrary; but be fure he that hath any Sense

Sense, will not be imposed on at this rate; but will soon find it out, and know how to retort it in the like Language.

But on the other side, where this kind of Flattery on both sides takes, as said, sadly, really, and indeed, then cannot there be more pleasant Diversion, than to see two Asses bray out Applauses to one another. This is Mulus mulum scabit, or Kee me, and I le kee thee, as the old Proverb speaks. But certain it is, none can be flattered of another, till he first flatter himself.

One may observe a fort of Na-

Natural Rhetorick, even among the Common Professors of the Art of Railling; they have their Figures, Graces, and Ornaments peculiar to their kind of Speech, though they do not distinguish or use them Grammatically, by the Names of Sarcasmus, Asteismus, Mi-Eterismus, Antiphrasis, Charientismus, or Ironia, yet have they their Dry Bobs, their Broad Flouts, Bitter Taunts, their Fleering Frumps, and Privy Nips, Besides the use of their admirable Art of Canting, they have a cunning way of Jeering, accusing others by justifying themselves, and saying, I never did --- or by asking the

the Question general, Who did so and so? Why who did you Whore cries 'tother? did 1? and so the Game begins; but by this evasive way of Abuse they will be sure to keep wide off the Law's Tenterhooks.

Thus you see there is none can come out Master of this Art that hath not been brought up at Billingsgate, for only there are found the best Proficients of this kind, which while some of our Authors are but the bashful Imitators; alas, see how far they fall short of the true force and efficacy that is to be found in the

Raillerie a la Mode. 43 the perfection of this Faculty.

But I have deviated a while from my first discourse, giving you the fore-going Reflections, I now come again to confider the end of Writing, and what is most commendable. The principal end of Reading is I am fure to enrich the Mind; and doubtless that is the best Work where the Graces and the Mules meer. But where every Man thinks what he lists, speaks what he thinks, writes what he speaks, and prints what he writes, from fuch kind of scribling, carried_ on by a frantick Figgary, I do not well apprehend what Advantage

vantage can in the least accrue one way or other to the Readers, either to the enriching their Discourse, or advancing their Knowledg.

Nor is it easie to conceive the drift or design of this odd fantastick way of writing without the help of a skilful Interpreter, they having more need of Notes and a Comment, than the History of Don Quixot, without which you shall be no more able to apprehend our Author, than capable to carry off the Intregue of one of our Now-adayes Comedies, so hard it is to force the Poetick Fire out of their

Raillette a la Mode. 45 their flinty Inventions. The Treasury of Wit being of late so close lock'd up in the Wild Meanders of our present Muses, that he that has not the Court-key of the newest forge, shall hardly be the better for't.

I cannot tell how this way of Writing comes to be now the Mode that so much obtains, I mean of Detracting and Traducing Persons; for I do not remember the Ingenious Author of the Book called, Reflections upon the Eloquence of the Bar and Pulpit, so much as once mentions, much less commends this manner of writing or speaking, as either

either modish, modest, or decent; but gives this Gentle Lash to the Users of it, That nothing of that kind is entertained with effect, when too personally addrest: and that though with civility we may glance at, yet may we not without rudeness and ill manners, too openly stare upon the faults or imperfections of any Person.

Detraction is an old Vice, although it be but newly come into request among us again: It was the sin of Haman against Mordecai, of Saul against David, of Jezabel against Naboth; and there are whole Psalms

Raillerie a la Spode. 47 of Execration for this Sin.

I find an old Poet of ours (Gower) Declaiming against this Vice in this manner.

Invidia pars est Detractio pessima, pestem

Que magis infamem flatibus oris agit.

Lingua venenato sermone repercuit aures,

Sic ut in alterius scandala fama volat.

Morsibus a tergo quos inficit ipsa fideles

Vulneris ignoti sepe salute carent.

Sed generosus Amor linguam conservat, ut ejus

Verbum

Verbum quod loquitur nulla finistra gerat.

This honest old Author sets out this Vice in this sort, by way of Admonition.

Quer kepe thou thy tonge fipile. Thou myst the more have of thy wille. If that thy felf art envyous, Thou halt not be gracious, As thou paraventur holoeft be effer. Ther wol no man blink of the welles, Miche as he wote is poplon yune; And ofce luch as men begynne Towards other, luche as they fynde, That let hem ofce fer behynoe. When that they wenen be byfore My good lone, and thou therefore Beware and leve thy wycked speche, Mhereof hath fallen ofte wretche To many a man byfore this time: For who lo wol his hands lyme. They must be the moze unclene, For many a mote thall be fene. That wol not elles cleue there. And that Gold rucry wife man fere, FO)

Raillerie a la Pode. 49 Far who lo wal another blame, De le kyth ofte his owne thame, Suhich elle might be right fixile, ec.

Now should I go about to Paint a Detractor forth in his proper Colours, or to Draw every Feature of Desormity in his Face, I sear, in the first place, I should find my Ink not Black enough to Paint so Foul a Monster; nor could a Man have Courage enough to Draw the Devil, without the Security of some Good Guardian by his side.

But I'le venture on Him; for, as they say, if we can but draw Bloud of Witches, their Envious Intents cease: so if

the Nib of my Pen be but sharp-pointed enough to prick to the quick, I need not fear the worst he then can do to me; neither need others, after once they are forewarn'd.

THE

Rasilerie a la Pode. 52

THE

CHARACTER

OF A

Detractor.

Detractor is a kind of Camelion, that lives upon the worst sort of Air; at first bred up and sackled with sour Sustenance from the lank and slaggy Dugs of his lean and meager Mother Envy, he afterwards seeds on Fame; his words are worse than Poyson of Asps, and are a kind of Witchcrast, so that the Sufferer may justly be said to be under an E 2

Evil Tongue. Like one of the wayward Sisters, he spigbtfully picks the foul and poylonous Weeds out of the fairest Gardens of Mens fruitful Labors, wherewith to work his wicked Sorceries; with venomous Breath endeavouring to blass the best and fragrant Flowers of Mens Writings, that they may wither in the minds and memories of the World.

He is a sort of turbulent spirited Furiozo, continually foaming out his frothy Passion on all sides, like malicious old Woman, ever muttering, extreamly incensed; he can find none to vouchsafe to vex him.

till

Rafflerie a la Pode 53 till out of pure spight he is fain, at length, to be himself both Satyr, Answer, and Reply. Twould fright you, or him either, to behold his own angry Face during the pang of Composure.

He Writes on as Fish-women Rail, without Cessation, or 'Premeditation; without Patience to Hear, or Time to Deliberate: and Answers, hit or miss, without Perusal, letting all the while his Passion boyl over, without ever skiming of the filthy Foam that alwayes arises from the intemperate Heat of in-kindled Fury.

E 3 Eraf-

54 Raitterie a la Pode!

Erasmus seems to have very well understood the Nature of this Malady amongst Men, and mentions it as if himself had once had some symptomes of it, when he sayes, Multi mei similes hoc morbo laborant, ut cum scribere nesciant, tamen ascribendo temperare non possunt. Many (saith he) are very sick of my Disease, and though they can do nothing worthy of the Publick, yet they must be publishing their (bellist) Humors, fouler than the Ink they write with; and this makes the World abound fo with Books. The Teemings of every Term, which deserves a much severer Tax upon every Sheet

Maillerie a la Pobe. 55 Sheet then there is imposed upon the Law, that so it might at once breed less Trouble, and more Prosit to the Press it Plagues.

A Detractor

Is one who knowes how to shoot dead your Repute, and yet you never hear the Report; he hath several sorts of Poysons, and but one way to apply em, that's commonly at the Ear: He sometimes whispers like one that discourses through the Speaking-Trumpet, you shall hear the sound, but not know who utters it, nor whence it proceeds. He is Traytor to Truth, a Lying Oracle, or the Old Devil of E. A. Del-

36 Baillorie a la Pope.

Delphos, to Abuse the Credulous, Delude the Ignorant, Consirm the Suspicious, and Inflame the Jealous.

He is a kind of Monster among Men, and hath a double
Face, a double Heart, and a
cloven Tongue; a Viper that
will venture to Bite, though
he break his venomous Teeth
out in the attempt. A Proteur
in Conversation upon every
turn; a subtle Angler of Socrete, he pretends private impartments of others to hook
out yours; he first finds out
(if he can) your inward resentments of others, and then
tickles you either with falaci-

Mattletie a la Bose. 57
ens Encomiums, or detractive
Untruthe of them, according
as he finds out, or can infinuate into your bumor. I like
well the Caution in the Satyl.

Fingere qui non visa popest, commissa tacere Qui nequit, bic niger est, hunc tu, (Romane) coveto.

Who feighs what was not, and discloaks a Soul, Beware him (Noble Roman) he is foul.

A

Worthy Man DESCRIBED:

Right Bred, or Worthy Man, will seem to be so base as to Flatter, and bates to be so Currish as to Bite any any one; so that even his Repress's seem kind and generous, and his Wounds do not want their Balsame. You may read his Temper in his Face; he sleers not at a Reproachful Jeer, but shews his dislike in his looks; he stands aloose when Men Whisper, and is so greedy Listner after Privacies;

Rafflerie a la Mode. 59 cies; his Tongue never betrayes his Heart, and Report can find no Eccho in him. When you Lodge in him a Secret, your necessary Caution locks it safe up, and your felf keeps the Key. It is his Grief to know a Vice of his. Friends, and his Charity he shews in concealing it; he never over-Praises nor Undervalues any man, for his Prudence instructs, that the one stirs up Envy, and the other procures contempt. He that can be brought so low as Fear or Flattery, must not presume once to own the Forfeited name of Gentleman or Christian.

First he cannot lay claim to the Moral Virtues of Justice, Truth, or Civility, so that he is neither sit to be a Friend or an Umpire in any Assair. Fear and a little meanacing makes him Faulty to Both; nor is he to be Trusted with another Mans Reputation, who has not Courage to defend his own, if questioned. A good Poet says,

Defend the Truth, for that who will not die.

A Coward is, and gives himfelf the lye,

He that hath a Cowardly fear within him can never be

Raillerie a la Mode. 61 a true Christian, but like the After - penetent Apostle, he will be apt in time of Trial to give his own Heart the Lye, and Deny the Lord that bought He cannot hold the Truth till it wax bot in his Hand, or ever endure a Martyrdom for it: But like the wretched Italian, panting under the hasty Threats of a surprizing Enemy, (in hopes to save his Life) Belch'd out (29 bidden) Horrid Blasphemies, to gratifie the Will of his infulting Enemy; till in the midst of them he S. abs the Naked Wretch, and then Brag'd how he had donbled his Revenge, Destroying Soul and Body

Body at one Blow. But this only by way of illustration to clear the last Assertions of the Degenerate Effects of such sure Symptomes of Cowardice and Unchristianity.

I have not yet done with our Detractor, I must take him a little further to Task before I give him over; and ask of him, What Amends he can make to the Party, whose Fame and Repute he hath Publickly Traduc'd and Vilisied.

For doubtless if we respect Human Society, there cannot be a more pernicions Ill atending it; 'tis a giving up a Mans Name

Raillerie a la Pode. 63 Name to perpetual Infamy and Reproach; an irreparable Wrong, towards which the best Amends falls short of Satisfaction. A Blot never to be raz'd out, but by writing the whole fair over again in way of Recantation (Publick Confession being ever due to Publick Injuries) and when that's done too, to Retract does not make full Compensation, fince he that does it cannot be sure that he who saw his first, shall read his last also.

So that he who offends in this kind, does it not only to his Lifes, but the Worlds end in a Book, which cannot Repent; and therefore Reputation

64 Raillette a la Spooe.
tion once lost is past Retrieve.
An ingenious Poet Cautions
well to this purpose:

Thy Credit wary keep, 'tis quickly gone; Being got by many Actions, loft by one.

I have read a Fable, how that Reputation, Love, and Death, made a Covenant to travel o're the World, but each was to take a several Way. When they were ready to depart, mutual Inquiry was made how they might find one another again. Death said, they should be sure to hear of him in Battels, Hospitals, and in all.

Raillerie a la Mode. 65 Parts where either Famine or Diseases are rife. Love bade them bearken after him among the Children of Cottagers, whose Parents had left them nothing, at Marriages, at Feasts, and amongst the professed Servants of Virtue, the only Bond to tye him fast. They long expeded a Direction from Reputation ... who stood mute; being Aurg'dy to, assign them Places where they might find him, he fullenly answered, his Nature was such, that it he deparred from any Man, ho never came to him more. The Moral is excellent to our Subject.

To Display a Mans Malice F in

66 Raillerie a la Mont.

in Writing, is no less than abliberate Wickedness, a kinde of Civil Murther prepend a; chew'd Bullets that wrankle where they enter; the Plague in Paper, which he that would shun, let him take heed how he comes between the Infectious Sheets.

The Publick Breath of Calumny, like contagious Air, is of late become too Epidemical, though the Infection will not foon taint the found Constitution of a folid Judgment. The humming Noise of Fame, and the harsh grating of Detraction, are now the ungrateful sounds that so much Disturb this mutinous Town. The

Raillerie a la Mode. 67

The Observe envy the Eminent; as Boys cry, Whip Coach-man, when they cannot Ride as well as others. Ingenuity sure never before knew so many Spightful Spider-Pates, which weave Bookleaves of Antick Cobweb-wit, to Catch the Roving-headed Butter-slies of this Age in.

Excuse me Sir, if I have enlarged my Letter too much on this Subject; and do not think I have done it meerly to please my own itch of Writing; for I could never flatter my self into any Opinion of my own Parts, (if I have any:) And be assured, that above all things I

68 Raillerie a la Mode.

laugh at the Publick-spirited Fop, that is Ambitious of the Name of a Reformer; for I have seen so much the serious Folly of that too, that I think it much more fashionable to be of the Laughing than Weeping side of the World; which alas, the more you strive to amend, still the worse you make it.

Thus we see there is no Curb can keep Men within the Modest Bounds of Civility, albeit Those (whose care it is) be never so Cautious to prevent the Inconveniency of putting forth particular Resections to open Censure, under the

Raillerie a la Spote 69 the lash of every Licentions Pen and Tongue.

But the Press cannot escape without its Errata's, and Byblows, (as we count such Books as we have Treated of to be) the obscure Parents sometimes, like counterfeit Gypsies, colouring their Brats over with a Foreign Imprimatur, with a Cant to the Typis, as a Guide to the Gibderish it is fraught withal.

And now Sir, if you please, you may communicate this to such of your Ingenious Acquaintance as are Book-buyers, that they (as well as you)

F 2 may

70 Raillerie a la Pode.

may be made more sensible of the present Spawn of our Fantastick Fry of Town-Wits, and rest satisfied without buying auy more till this Freake be worn out of Fashion, as I heartily wish it were. And so, without more ado, (save only to wish a Return of these Men well to their Wits again) I bid you for this time Farewell.

> F 1 N I S. 22 JY 63

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